## **TSM145 List of Questions**

Agitations

Latex formatted questions may not properly render
Q1 may be defined as 'the maximum number of user use periods per unit area which can be accommodtaed on a site during typical year without causing irreversible physical damageto the site, users or equipment'  Annual Physical Capacity  Biannual Physical Capacity  Periodic Physical Capacity  Sports Complex Capacity
Q2 Climate, infrastructure, population, density and ditribution can be collectively referred to as variable.  © geographical © demographic © destination © regions'
Q3 refers to the degree to which segments are large enough to be worth considering for separate cultivation.  Measurability Accessibility Substantiality Compatibility
Q4 In enterprises, the manager needs to identify categories of visitors with differing interests, susceptibilities, behaviours, etc.  © government  or recreation  or state  local
Q5 is the collection of information about markets and the consumers, including its analysis and processing.  Recreational site research Events research Tourist research Market research
Q6 land management is centred on the needs of the visitor (or consumer) at a given site.  Recreational Project Events Sports
Q7 The three basic issues in the psychology of consumption are; Motivation, Learning.  © Emulation  © Visitation  © Perception  © Immitation
Q8 and (1966) notes that demand for recreational facilities constitutes only part of the total demand encompassed by the recreation experience.  Simon & Davina Clawson & Knetsch Ritchie & Stephen Bello & Bello
Q9 is not a domestic airine in Nigeria  Air Peace Dana Air Medview Airline Easyget
Q10constitutes one of the major features of the economic development of Nigeria.  Transportation

<ul><li>Recession</li><li>emigration</li></ul>	
Q11 The Nigerian Railways are wholly owned by the	
State Government	
Cocal Government	
O Private stakeholders	
Federal Government	
Q12 The Nigeria railway begun in 1898 with the line.	
O Kano-Lagos	
C Kaduna-Lagos	
O Lagos-Ibadan	
O Abuja-Kaduna	
Q13 The vegetation of Nigeria does not provide	
many useful products	
<ul><li>poverty</li><li>employment in rural areas</li></ul>	
income	
Q14 is the removal of forest and other natural vegetation from an area without replacing it.	
<ul><li>Aforestation</li><li>Reforestation</li></ul>	
• Forestation	
O Deforestation	
Q15 is a special type of vegetation found on the Jos Plateau and on the eastern Highland	
Montana Vegetation	
<ul><li>Mangrove Forest</li><li>Amazon Vegetation</li></ul>	
Guinea Savannah	
Ounica Savannan	
Q16is similar to the Mangrove Swamp Forest except that the tide does not reach the zone.	
Tropical Rain Forest	
© Fresh Water Swamp Forest	
Guinea Savannah	
O Sudan Savannah	
Q17 is a type of vegetation in which the ground is covered by grasses among which there may be some	trees,
Rainforest	
Sudan	
O Savannah	
Sahel	
Q18 There are main types of vegetation in Nigeria.	
O two	
• three	
of four five	
— live	
Q19 Wildlife supplies about% of the animal protein consumed in Nigeria.	
© 10	
© 11 © 12	
○ 12 ○ 13	
Q20 refers to the plants which cover an area  Crops	
Farmland	
O Agriculture	
○ Vegetation	

Q21 Drought in Nigeria is more frequent and severe as one move	from the coast
northwards	
outhwards	
eastwards	
• westwards	
Q22 is relatively high throughout the year in Nigeria  Humidity	
O Temperature	
O Density	
© Rainfall	
Q23 The underlying cause of flood related disasters in Nigeria is	_
overgrazing	
desertification	
heavy rainfall	
afforestation	
Q24 pressure is the weight of the air above the ground at a certain p	place.
Density	
Humidity	
Atmospheric	
<ul><li>Temperature</li></ul>	
Q25 Because Nigeria is located close to the the sun is high in the s	sky at mid-day theorught the year.
© Equator	
Orbits	
West Coast	
East coast	
Q26 The of an area is the average weather conditions in that area.  temperature longitude	
humidity	
climate	
Q27 The Relief Block is drained mainly by forur sets of rivers	
Eastern	
Western	
Northen	
Southern	
Q28is very important to the Nigeria economy because it supports a	large fishing population.
Usman Dam	
Lake Chad	
Shiroro water fall	
Obude rive	
Q29 is an upland plain with rich soils which are good for arable agr	iculture.
The Jos Plateau	
The Sokoto Plains	
The Biu Plateau	
The Niger Delta	
Q30 The upland areas in Nigeria may be subdivided into relief re four	egions.
o five	
o six	
o six o seven	
Q31 covers about one seventh of the productive area of West Afri	ica
Ghana Siorra Loopa	
Sierra Leone	

○ Gambia ○ Nigeria
Q32 The is the largest of the three relief blocks.  Northern Relief block  Southern Relief Block  Eastern Relief Block  Western Relief Block
Q33 The of an area consists of the water bodies as well as the flow of water in that area.  contour slope steep drainage
Q34 in Kogi State, Nigeria is located in an area where the land rises to a considerable height and falls again to a great depth over a short distance.  Lokoja Kabba Okene Idah
Q35 Prior to May, 1967, Nigeria consisted of regions.  three four five six
Q36 The Republic of is a small country that extends as a narrow territory, all the way from the Atlantic in the South to the River Niger in the North  Benin Chad Nigeria Togo
Q37 Nigeria has a coastline of about kilometers.  940,00 730,000 860,000 654,000
Q38 is Nigeria's eastern neigbour.  Cameroon Libya Benin republic Mali
Q39 is a very large country, about 1,267,000 square kilometres, and can be generally described as a desert region  Swaziland Zimbabwe Libya Niger
Q40 Nigeria is located in Africa.  North  West East South
Q41 is relatively high throughout the year in Nigeria  Climate  Heat wave  Temperature

Humidity
Q42 season is a critical time for Nigerian famers.  Dry season Rainy season August break summer
Q43 The underlying cause of flood disaster in Nigeria in ocean surge heavy rainfall poor drainages deforestation
Q44 The Aminu Kano International Airport is located in State, Nigeria.  Kaduna Katsina Kano Kebbi
Q45 Between June and October, the west winds produce destructive waves casuing catastrphic erosion along the Nigerian coastlines.  North South East mid
Q46 The climate of Nigeria is due to the effects of two belts of high pressure and belt of low pressure.  four one two two three
Q47 Because Nigeria is located close to the, the sun is high in the sky at mid-day throught the year.  Plateau Equator Moon Galaxy
Q48 The of an area is the average weather condition in that area.  Density Humidity Climate Hemisphere
Q49 The relief and drainage of Nigeria presents several economic advantages except  Land suitable for agriculture  Hydro-electric power dam sites  Fisheries  disaster
Q50 Nigeria is well drained with a dense network of  rivers lakes lagoons oeans
Q51 is important to the Nigeria economy as it supports large fishing population and supplies.  River Niger  Lake Chad  River Benue  Sokoto river

Q52 is an upland plain with rich soil which are good for arable agriculture.
<ul><li>The Biu Plateau</li><li>The Western Uplands</li></ul>
The Western Opiands  The Jos Plateau
The Sokoto Plains
Q53 A region is an area which can be distinguished from the areas around it, by its height above sea level.  Cul-de-sac  relief  booundary  region
Q54 is the largest of the relief blocks
The Northern Relief Block
The Western Relief Block
The Eastern Relief Block
The Southern Relief Block
Q55 refers to water bodies such as lakes and rivers.  Lake Drainage Rivers Ocean
Ocean Scenario
Q56 Before May, 1967, Nigeria consisted of region.
Six
three four
• two
Q57 Nigeria is a coastline of boutKilometres  960 860 690 680
Q58 The Nigerian Services is responsible for combating smuggling and illegal trafficking in goods across Nigeria's border.
O Parks
O Traffic
Customs Police
Police
Q59 is Nigeria's eastern neighbor
○ Ghana ○ Chad
Cameroon
O Togo
Q60 The republic of is a small country which extends as a narrow territory, from the Atlantic in the south to the River Niger in
the north  Niggs
<ul><li>Niger</li><li>Benin</li></ul>
O Chad
O Nigeria
Q61 map is an indicator of the changing thought of man, reflecting his cultural activities and perception of the world in different
periods.
Poliical
Physical
History
Tourist
Q62 A is a geographical representation of a part or all of earth's surface, in miniature.

<ul> <li>Plan</li> <li>Map</li> <li>Diary</li> <li>Guide</li> </ul>
Q63 seasons are governed by climatic conditions at the place of origin and destination.  Leisure Travel Tourism Sports
Q64 Destinations can only become popular when they are accessible and offer services and amenities that the demand.  traveller tourist visitor customer
Q65 Nigeria is a land of religion whilst for many, its attraction lies in and palaces  cultures tradition handcrafts colonian relics
Q66 The primary concern of destination management is the carrying capacity which defined as the threshold limit of traffic annual tourist tourism travel
Q67 The seaonal variations in climate make significant impact on travel and  leisure recreation hopitality tourism
Q68 In Nigeria, the climate is influenced by the raining and seasons.  winter summer autum dry
Q69 Seasonally, a year can be divided into main periods.  three four five six
Q70 is the first game reserve in Nigeria  Wispering palms  Yankari  Obudu  Kurrara
Q71 The main oil producing wells are located in State, Nigeria  Akwa Ibom  Bayelsa  Delta Rivers
Q72 is the chief timeber port of Nigeria  Lokoja Akure Abakaliki

Q73 TheZone in its widest sense includes grass plains interspersed with trees.
O Savanna
Sahel
○ High forest
O Sudan
Q74 The existing Dam is part of a larger projected Niger Dams projects.
Usman
O Kurara
Shiroro
O Kainji
Q75is the fan-shaped region of muddy creeks and swamps.
Chad Pbasin
O Sokoto Plains
O Niger Delta
Western Coastland
Q76rock is located near Abuja,the Federal Capital of Nigeria.
Olumo
O Itape
O Zuma
O Kusa
Q77 The high plains are more 600 metres above sea level.
O Western
O Northern
○ Eastern
O Southern
Q78 Nigeria may be divided into relief regions
Q70 Mgcm may be divided into rener regions
ten
O ten
○ ten ○ nine
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean.
ten nine ten eleven
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean.
ten nine ten eleven  Or9 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun
ten nine ten ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun Niger
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun Niger Chad Nigeria  Q80 Nigeria is located on the Cost of Africa.
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun Niger Chad Nigeria  Q80 Nigeria is located on the Cost of Africa. West
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun Niger Chad Nigeria  Q80 Nigeria is located on the Cost of Africa.
ten nine ten eleven  Q79 is bounded to the South by the Atlantic Ocean. Cameroun Niger Chad Nigeria  Q80 Nigeria is located on the Cost of Africa. West